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WOOL SITUATION

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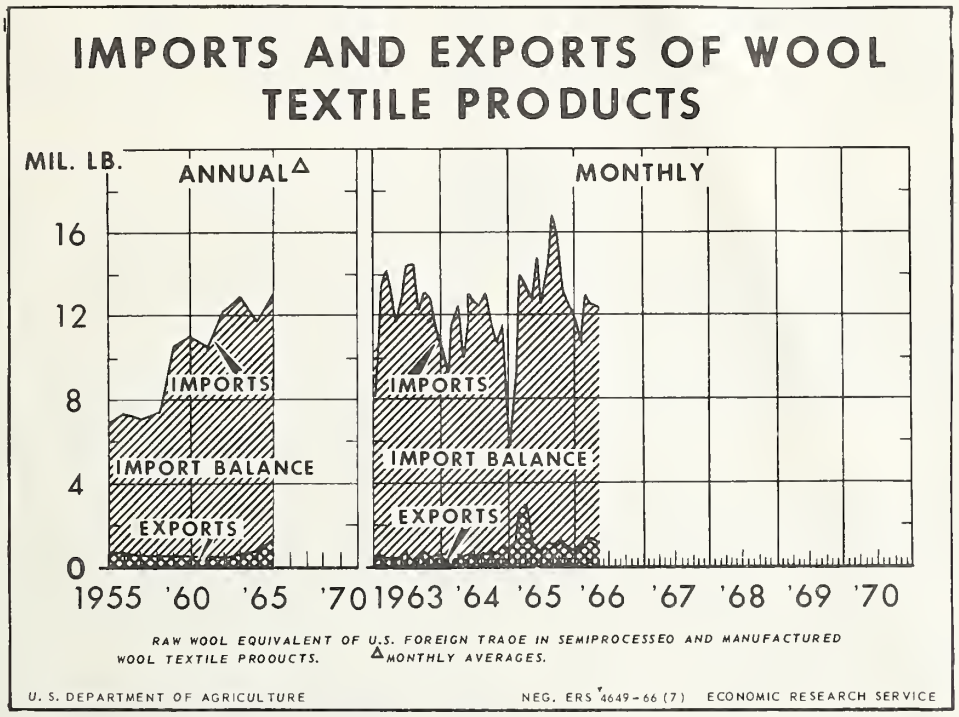

IN THIS ISSUE

Preliminary 1966 Wool Production

Estimated 1966 Mill Use

Published Four Times A Year
ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE • U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Wool Situation at a Glance

Item	Unit	1965			1966		
		April	May	June	April	May	June
Average price received by farmers, grease basis	Ct. per lb.	46.9	47.3	48.8	52.5	54.0	53.3
Parity price 1/	Ct. per lb.	82.6	83.3	83.3	85.2	85.2	85.2
Farm price as a percentage of parity	Percent	57	57	59	62	63	63
Index numbers of prices received by farmers	1910-14=100	265	268	267	295	303	299
Index numbers of prices received by farmers	1957-59=100	108	109	108	120	123	121
Domestic prices, Boston, clean basis 2/							
Graded territory							
Fine, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	119.5	119.5	119.5	135.0	137.5	137.5
1/2 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	117.0	117.1	117.5	130.0	132.5	132.5
Graded fleece							
3/8 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	113.0	114.5	115.5	122.5	122.5	118.3
1/4 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	112.0	112.9	114.7	121.1	121.0	116.3
Original bag Texas, fine 12 months good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	118.0	117.5	117.5	135.0	137.5	137.5
Imported prices, Boston, clean, excluding duty 2/							
Australian, 64's 70's, good topmaking	Ct. per lb.	107.5	107.5	107.5	127.5	127.5	127.5
Australian, 64's combing	Ct. per lb.	102.5	102.5	102.5	122.5	122.5	122.5
Montevideo, 0's (58's, 60's)	Ct. per lb.	89.5	89.5	89.5	107.5	107.5	107.5
Montevideo, 2's (50's)	Ct. per lb.	81.5	81.5	81.5	97.5	97.5	97.5
Buenos Aires, 5's (40's)	Ct. per lb.	77.1	74.5	74.5	73.5	73.5	73.5
BLS Wholesale price index 3/							
All commodities	1957-59=100	101.7	102.1	102.8	105.5	105.6	105.7
Textile products and apparel	1957-59=100	101.5	101.6	101.9	102.2	102.2	102.2
Wool products	1957-59=100	103.1	103.8	104.0	106.3	106.4	106.5
Wool broadwoven fabrics	1957-59=100	104.1	105.1	105.5	106.4	106.6	106.6
Personal income payments (adjusted) 4/	Bil. dol.	520.5	525.0	528.5	563.1	565.5	---
Retail store sales (apparel group adjusted) 4/	Mil. dol.	1,242	1,299	1,278	1,395	---	---
Mill consumption, scoured basis 5/							
Average weekly rate (unadjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	1,000 lb.	5,623	5,523	5,461	5,846	---	---
Carpet wool	1,000 lb.	2,172	2,187	2,160	2,116	---	---
Average weekly rate (seasonally adjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	1,000 lb.	5,617	5,076	4,978	5,852	---	---
Carpet wool	1,000 lb.	2,253	2,202	2,238	2,195	---	---
Monthly aggregates 6/							
Apparel wool	Mil. lb.	22.5	22.1	27.3	23.4	---	---
Carpet wool	Mil. lb.	8.7	8.7	10.8	8.5	---	---
Accumulated since January 1							
Apparel wool	Mil. lb.	86.1	108.2	135.5	99.3	---	---
Carpet wool	Mil. lb.	37.9	46.6	57.4	37.9	---	---
Total apparel and carpet	Mil. lb.	124.0	154.8	192.9	137.2	---	---
Imports for consumption, clean content							
Monthly aggregates							
Dutiable wools	1,000 lb.	19,197	12,822	12,520	17,387	14,791	14,306
Duty-free wools	1,000 lb.	10,986	7,815	10,473	9,533	8,320	11,386
Accumulated since January 1							
Dutiable wools	Mil. lb.	56.9	69.7	82.3	75.5	90.3	104.6
Duty-free wools	Mil. lb.	31.3	39.1	49.5	36.4	44.7	56.1
Total dutiable and duty-free	Mil. lb.	88.2	108.8	131.8	111.9	135.1	160.7
Man-made staple and tow prices							
Acrilan 3 denier 7/	Ct. per lb.	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0
Dacron, 3 denier, type 54 7/	Ct. per lb.	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0
Orlon, 3 denier 7/	Ct. per lb.	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0
Viscose, 1 1/2 denier 8/	Ct. per lb.	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	---

1/ Effective parity prices as computed currently using base prices in effect and indexes for months indicated. These are the legally applicable parity prices for the following month. 2/ From Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market. 3/ United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 4/ United States Department of Commerce (seasonally adjusted annual rates). 5/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products. 6/ 4 or 5 weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter. 7/ From Modern Textile Magazine. 8/ From Textile Organon.

THE WOOL SITUATION

Approved by the Outlook and Situation Board, August 4, 1966

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SUMMARY

The world wool supply for the 1966-67 season will be down some from the previous year. World production will be about the same but beginning stocks were lower. This tighter supply, together with an increased rate of world wool consumption, likely will lead to further increases in wool prices during the coming months. The United States in 1966 will contribute slightly less wool to total world supplies, while increasing mill consumption moderately.

Prices of wool in world markets showed a general increase during the last 12 months. In June 1966, average prices of all grades of British Dominion wools were 15 percent above a year earlier. The finer grades of wool, however, contributed most of the increase. Price differentials among grades widened; prices of 64's wool by the end of June had risen 20 percent while 50's were up only 10 percent.

The world rate of wool consumption increased substantially during the last half of 1965--following the price decline of early 1964 to mid-1965--before leveling off in early 1966. Total wool use in 1966 likely will exceed that of 1965 and be well above the world level of wool production.

Wool supplies for the 1966-67 marketing season likely will be down as a result of reduced beginning stocks. Exports of raw wool from the surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere increased 10 percent in 1965-66 compared with the previous year and mill activity was up in all major-manufacturing countries of the Free World, except the United Kingdom. World production of wool in 1966-67 likely will continue at the previous year's low level. The above economic forces point to further price increases during late 1966 and early 1967. Increases in the price level of wool, however, will occur against the downward pressure of competition from lower-priced man-made fibers.

Domestic wool prices likely will rise slightly during the next 6 to 8 months, due primarily to higher world prices. Slightly less U.S. production and a high level of domestic mill use, including military needs, will also contribute to the price rise. During the first 7 months of 1966, monthly shorn wool prices, grease basis, to growers increased 4 to 14 percent compared with a year earlier. The 1966 average price received for shorn wool likely will be about 9 percent above the 47.1 cents a pound received in 1965.

Shorn wool production in the United States during 1966 is estimated at 211.2 million pounds, grease basis (100.8 million pounds, clean), a 1-percent decrease from the 213.6 million pounds produced in 1965. This decrease is due to both fewer sheep being shorn in 1966 and lighter weight of fleeces. However, production in the 11 Western States, Texas, and South Dakota increased slightly in 1966 compared with a year earlier, and was 75 percent of total U.S. output. Production of shorn wool during 1966 in the fleece-wool States declined by an estimated 5 percent.

Activity in the U.S. apparel wool manufacturing and importing trades during 1966 has been running

well above 1965. Mill consumption of raw wool has been up moderately, while imports of raw wool and of semiprocessed and manufactured wool textile products have made even larger gains.

Mill use of apparel wool during 1966 probably will total 290 to 295 million pounds, scoured basis, compared with 275 million in 1965. Consumption increased during 1965 before leveling off in October and has since remained relatively stable. Increased demand, especially for worsted products, resulted in consumption during the first 4 months of 1966 totaling 99 million pounds of raw wool, up 15 percent from a year earlier. Use on the worsted system was up 21 percent; that on the woolen was up 7 percent. Consumption of fibers shifted in favor of the finer longer staple wools and man-made fibers.

The ratio of inventories to unfilled orders of finished wool apparel fabrics increased slightly over last year. At the end of April 1966, the ratio was 0.25 compared with 0.22 a year earlier. Inventories increased 7 percent during the year and unfilled orders declined 5 percent. Gray fabric production in the first 4 months of 1966 was up 10 percent compared with a year earlier. This likely will lead to some further increase in the ratio of inventories to unfilled orders of finished wool fabrics.

U.S. imports of semiprocessed and manufactured apparel wool textile products continued to increase in 1966. During January-May, imports totaled 33 million pounds, raw wool equivalent, up 28 percent from a year earlier. Largest increases in imports of apparel wool products occurred in tops and yarns. Imports of wastes were up while those of noils declined. Exports of apparel products were up slightly and noils and wastes decreased.

Dutiable raw wool imports during the first 6 months of 1966 totaled 105 million pounds, clean content, up 27 percent from a year earlier. This resulted mainly from an increase in domestic consumption. Larger quantities were imported from each of the 5 surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere--Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Argentina, and Uruguay. In addition to the larger imports of wool, there was a shift in quality composition to relatively more of those grading 40's to 46's and less of those grading finer than 46's.

Activity in the carpet industry increased in 1966 compared with a year earlier. Mill use of all fibers increased, although that of wool remained stable. Imports of raw carpet wool were up in 1966 compared with a year earlier, while those of semiprocessed and manufactured carpet wool products declined.

Mill use of carpet wool likely will be up only slightly from the 112 million pounds, scoured basis, used in 1965. Consumption of carpet wool through April 1966 amounted to 38 million pounds, unchanged from a year earlier. During the same period, use of the lower priced man-made fibers totaled 45 million pounds, an increase of 14 percent over the same months in 1965. As a result, the share of man-made fibers in the total increased to 51 percent compared with 48 percent in 1965.

Duty-free raw wool imports during the first half of 1966 totaled 56 million pounds, clean content, compared with 50 million a year earlier. Imports from Argentina, the United Kingdom, and Syria increased; those from New Zealand declined. U.S. carpet and rug product imports and exports declined 27 and 7 percent, respectively.

THE DOMESTIC SITUATION

1966 SHORN WOOL PRICES EXPECTED TO REMAIN STRONG

The average price received by U.S. growers for shorn wool in 1966 likely will be up about 9 percent from the 1965 price of 47.1 cents per pound, grease basis. The domestic price increase this year resulted mainly from increased demand and higher world wool prices. World wool production was lower and consumption was higher. Higher world prices for apparel wool during the last 12 to 15 months also were a factor in encouraging U.S. growers to sell their clip somewhat earlier in the season and at higher prices than a year earlier. Monthly average prices during January-July 1966 were 4 to 14 percent above those of comparable months in 1965. In this same period of 1966, prices ranged from a low of 47 cents a pound in January to a high of 54 cents in May. (See table 1.)

Prices received by growers during the remaining months of 1966 and early 1967 are expected to increase slightly from current levels. Associated with this is a continued low level of world wool production in the 1966-67 season, due to drought conditions in the Southern Hemisphere. Expected firm demand for wool by U.S. mills, higher world wool prices, and greater mill activity abroad also will be factors in domestic wool price movements. During the last 12 months, prices increased most for the finer grades of wool. The average price differential in June 1965 between fine and quarter blood wools, graded territory and fleece in Boston, was 4 cents a pound, clean basis, compared with 16 cents in June 1966. (See Statistical Summary, Part 1 - Prices.)

Table 1.--Average price per pound, grease basis, received by farmers for shorn wool, U.S., by months, 1962-66

Month	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966 1/
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
Jan.	41.1	45.5	50.3	45.0	47.1
Feb.	42.5	47.5	52.5	45.9	47.7
Mar.	45.0	51.1	54.9	46.3	49.5
Apr.	47.6	49.4	54.6	46.9	52.5
May	48.0	48.7	53.8	47.3	54.0
June	47.9	49.9	54.7	48.8	53.3
July	46.0	49.0	52.4	47.3	52.2
Aug.	44.2	46.2	51.0	46.8	
Sept.	42.7	45.5	50.0	45.9	
Oct.	43.8	46.6	51.2	45.6	
Nov.	45.4	47.2	49.3	46.0	
Dec.	43.9	48.1	47.3	46.8	
Weighted season average 2/	47.7	48.5	53.2	47.1	

1/ Preliminary. 2/ Year beginning April 1 for 1962, 9-month period beginning April 1 for 1963, and calendar year for 1964 and thereafter.

Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

SHORN WOOL PRODUCTION OFF SLIGHTLY IN 1966

U.S. shorn wool production in 1966 as of July is estimated at 211.2 million pounds, grease basis. (See tables 10 and 12.) This output is 1 percent less than the 213.6 million pounds produced a year earlier and the lowest since 1879. The 1966 production is equivalent to 100.8 million pounds, clean basis, compared with 101.9 million in 1965.

The number of sheep shorn or to be shorn in 1966 is estimated at 24.9 million head, down nearly 1 percent from a year earlier. The average fleece weight in 1966 is estimated at 8.49 pounds compared with 8.51 in 1965.

Total shorn wool production in the 11 Western States, Texas, and South Dakota increased very slightly in 1966 after declining each year since 1960. Production in 1966 was reported to be 158.3 million pounds, grease basis, compared with 157.7 million in 1965. This increase in production is due to expanded output in Texas, Wyoming, Colorado, and Idaho. Shorn wool output in Texas--the leading wool-producing State--increased 4 percent in 1966 due to an increase in the number of sheep shorn. In the above 13 States, the number of sheep shorn and weight per fleece were up only slightly in 1966; sheep shorn totaled 18.1 million head and weight per fleece was 8.74 pounds. (See tables 11 and 12.)

The quantity of wool shorn or to be shorn in the 35 Native or fleece-wool States was estimated at 52.7 million pounds, down 5 percent from the 55.7 million produced in 1965. The smaller output results from a 4-percent decline in the number of sheep shorn and a 2-percent reduction in the average fleece weight. Shorn wool output increased in only 2 of the 35 States--South Carolina and Kansas.

SHEEP PRODUCERS TO VOTE ON PROMOTION PROGRAM

A referendum will be held in September 1966 among wool and lamb producers to determine their approval or disapproval of a proposed agreement with the American Sheep Producers Council, Inc. (ASPC). The agreement would extend the promotion program to 1969 and permit higher rates of deduction from producer incentive payments. As in the past, revenues from these deductions will be forwarded to the Council by the Secretary of Agriculture to conduct various phases of advertising and promotion activities on wool and lamb as authorized by the National Wool Act of 1954. Ballots will be mailed to producers in early September and must be returned in completed form to county Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service (ASCS) offices not later than September 23.

The new agreement provides for the Secretary to withhold a part of producer wool incentive payments on 1966-69 marketings. As in the past 3 referendums covering 1955-65 marketings, a two-thirds majority of producers voting or of total wool production represented is required for approval. If the agreement is not approved, ASPC programs will be continued only as long as the present reserve fund permits, or until some other agreement is approved by producers.

Higher rates of deduction were recommended by most State and regional sheep organizations. Under the proposed agreement, the authorized rates of deduction would be up to 1.5 cents a pound on shorn wool and up to 7.5 cents a hundredweight on unshorn lambs. Maximum rates during previous years were 1 cent and 5 cents, respectively. The increased rates of deduction would finance expanded promotion programs for both wool and lamb.

APPAREL WOOL MILL USE ABOVE A YEAR AGO

Mill consumption of apparel wool during 1966 likely will total 290 to 295 million pounds, scoured

basis, compared with 275 million pounds in 1965. Seasonally adjusted rates of apparel wool use have remained relatively stable since October 1965. (See table 14.) Demand for apparel wool during the remaining months of 1966 is expected to remain strong, and orders for finished wool fabrics are reported to be booked into early 1967. However, higher prices of raw wool are expected to cause a slight shift to the use of more non-cellulosic fibers and likely will cause mill consumption of apparel wool to run at slightly lower than current rates during late 1966.

Mill use of apparel wool during the first 4 months of 1966 amounted to 99 million pounds, scoured basis, up 15 percent from a year earlier. (See table 2.) The increase in total fiber consumption on the woolen and worsted systems, however, was up only 10 percent, totaling 186 million pounds. Raw wool's share of the total was 53 percent in 1966 compared with 51 percent in 1965. This gain was at the expense of reused, reprocessed, and other wool fibers. Wool consumption on the worsted system totaled 63 million pounds, 21 percent more than a year earlier; consumption on the woolen system amounted to 36 million pounds, up 7 percent from the first 4 months of 1965. This has resulted in an increasing share of the total apparel wool use on the worsted system--64 percent in 1966 compared with 61 percent a year earlier. Total fiber use increased 16 percent on the worsted system and 7 percent on the woolen system. Raw wool's share on the worsted system, however, increased from 87 percent in 1965 to 90 percent in 1966. On the woolen system, it held stable at 31 percent. (See table 15.)

Table 2.--U.S. mill consumption of raw wool, scoured basis, January-April 1957 to date

Year	Apparel wool	Carpet wool	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1957	95,304	55,161	150,465
1958	64,732	36,748	101,480
1959	87,700	62,403	150,103
1960	84,782	62,974	147,756
1961	77,307	46,588	123,895
1962	100,001	49,079	149,080
1963	95,896	58,293	154,189
1964	80,901	45,100	126,001
1965 1/	86,124	37,865	123,989
1966 1/	99,345	37,885	137,230

1/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Grades of wool consumed shifted as use of wool on the worsted system increased. Overall, more wools grading 60's and finer were consumed. (See table 3.)

Table 3.--Percentage distribution of apparel wool consumption, by system and grades, January-April 1962 to date

Year	60's and finer	50's up to 60's	48's and coarser	Total
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
	Woolen system			
1962	46.3	44.6	9.1	100.0
1963	44.1	48.2	7.7	100.0
1964	42.3	48.1	9.6	100.0
1965	41.1	50.6	8.3	100.0
1966	37.4	55.1	7.5	100.0
	Worsted system			
1962	61.0	34.8	4.2	100.0
1963	58.5	37.0	4.5	100.0
1964	54.5	35.8	9.7	100.0
1965	57.0	37.5	5.5	100.0
1966	59.5	40.5		100.0
	Total			
1962	55.1	38.7	6.2	100.0
1963	52.7	41.5	5.8	100.0
1964	49.3	41.0	9.7	100.0
1965	50.8	42.6	6.6	100.0
1966	51.5	48.5		100.0

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Production of tops from all fibers in the January-April period of 1966, totaling 64 million pounds, was 16 percent more than in the same period of 1965. Output of all noils was up 15 percent and amounted to 6 million pounds. The share of wool in top and noil production in 1966 increased at the expense of man-made fibers. (See table 15.)

The seasonal adjustment factors for the average weekly rates of mill consumption of apparel and carpet wools have been recomputed to include data for 1965. These seasonal factors are now based on 1954-65 data. There are small variations in these revised factors from those previously used, the most notable being the carpet wool factors for January and February. (See tables 16 and 17.)

Military purchases of wool, cotton, and man-made fiber fabrics in 1965 totaled an estimated 60.9 million pounds and remained stable during January-May 1966. This was up substantially from the comparatively low level of 1964. Based on 7 months of data for 1965, total fiber use was about at the same level of 1961-63. Wool

used in 1965 (raw wool content of fabrics delivered to the military) totaled an estimated 7.9 million pounds. Wool's share of total fibers used varied from a low of 13 percent in 1961 and again in 1965 to a high of 20 percent in 1962. Purchases of cotton fabrics in 1965 accounted for the largest part of the total and amounted to 47.4 million pounds. (See table 4.) Cotton's share of the total declined from 84 percent in 1961 to a range of 75 to 78 percent during 1962-66. The share of man-made fibers increased sharply--from 3 percent of the total in 1961 to 9 percent in 1965.

PRODUCTION, INVENTORIES AND UNFILLED ORDERS OF WOOL APPAREL FABRICS

Production and inventories of gray wool apparel fabrics were higher in early 1966 than a year earlier Gray fabric output during January-April 1966 totaled 95 million linear yards, up 10 percent from that period in 1965, while the average number of looms operating in 1966 was 7,270, up 3 percent. Worsted fabric production in the 1966 period totaled 27 million linear yards, or 20 percent more than a year earlier; woolen production was 68 million linear yards, up 7 percent. Inventories of gray fabrics, however, were kept at about the level of a year earlier as a result of increased demand for finished goods. At the end of April 1966, inventories of gray wool fabrics totaled 25 million linear yards, up about 1 percent from April 1965. Inventories of gray woolen fabrics increased nearly 2 percent and worsteds about 1 percent.

Inventories of finished wool apparel fabrics at the weaving mill level totaled 28 million linear yards at the end of April 1966, up seasonally and 7 percent above a year earlier. Unfilled orders at the end of April 1966 amounted to 109 million linear yards, down 12 percent from the previous month and 5 percent below a year earlier. As a result, the ratio of inventories to unfilled orders increased in April 1966, but remained at a relatively low level. (See table 5.) Increasing ratio values generally reflect a declining level of future wool manufacturing activity. The ratios for woolen, worsted and wool blend (chiefly polyester) constructions were all up in April 1966 compared with either March 1966 or April 1965. In comparison with a year earlier, woolen fabric inventories were down less than unfilled orders; both the worsted and wool blend inventories were up while unfilled orders declined (See table 18.)

IMPORTS OF APPAREL WOOL TEXTILE PRODUCTS ABOVE A YEAR EARLIER

Imports of semiprocessed and manufactured apparel wool textile products during the first 5 months of 1966 amounted to 33 million pounds, raw wool equivalent. This was 28 percent above the comparable period of 1965. Imports of all categories of apparel products increased. Imports of wastes were up while those of noils declined. The general expansion in imports this year largely reflects the increase in demand for apparel wool products. (See table 19.)

Table 4.--Wool, cotton and man-made fibers used by the military forces, United States, 1961-66

Year beginning January 1	Actual for months indicated					Estimated 1/			
	Number of months 2/	Wool	Cotton	Man-made	Total	Wool	Cotton	Man-made	Total
	Number	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1961	12	7,149.4	45,369.1	1,754.9	54,273.4	7,149.4	45,369.1	1,754.9	54,273.4
1962	12	13,667.0	51,408.1	2,387.2	67,462.3	13,667.0	51,408.1	2,387.2	67,462.3
1963	8	7,925.7	31,177.7	1,584.5	40,687.9	11,888.6	46,766.6	2,376.8	61,032.0
1964	10	5,340.0	21,612.3	2,159.1	29,111.4	6,408.0	25,934.8	2,590.9	34,933.7
1965	7	4,608.3	27,627.0	3,265.0	35,500.3	7,900.0	47,360.7	5,597.2	60,857.9
1966	5	3,615.2	18,666.9	1,994.6	24,276.7	---	---	---	---

1/ Full year estimates based on available data.

2/ Indicates number of months for which data were available.

Compiled from reports of the Department of Defense.

Table 5. Finished wool apparel fabrics: Ratio of inventories to unfilled orders, by months, 1962 to date

Month	Inventories as a percentage of unfilled orders				
	1962 1/	1963 1/	1964	1965	1966
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Jan.	27	36	35	21	17
Feb.	27	38	37	21	19
Mar.	29	40	39	22	20
Apr.	29	45	36	22	25
May	28	47	35	21	
June	26	48	33	19	
July	27	46	29	21	
Aug.	29	55	39	19	
Sept.	27	50	27	18	
Oct.	31	50	22	17	
Nov.	30	32	21	20	
Dec.	32	32	20	17	

1/ Excluding data for wool-blend fabrics (chiefly polyester).

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 6.--Imports of dutiable and duty-free wool for consumption into the United States, clean content, January-June 1957 to date

Year	Dutiable	Duty-free	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1957	46,633	64,714	111,347
1958	34,861	49,406	84,267
1959	59,490	112,616	172,106
1960	43,908	83,043	126,951
1961	46,612	79,808	126,420
1962	66,168	65,867	132,035
1963	69,290	83,238	152,527
1964	47,575	59,969	107,544
1965	82,250	49,549	131,799
1966	104,623	56,121	160,744

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Imports of wool tops and advanced wool during the first 5 months of 1966 totaled 5 million pounds, almost double the amount of a year earlier. Major supplying countries were Australia, Uruguay, the United Kingdom, and Japan. Imports of yarns increased 63 percent and totaled 6 million pounds. The principal countries of origin were Japan, Belgium, and the United Kingdom. Imports of wool fabrics amounted to 13 million pounds, 16 percent more than a year earlier. Japan accounted for the major portion, followed by the United Kingdom and Italy. Imports of knit wearing apparel amounted to 7 million pounds, up 7 percent from a year earlier. Italy and Hong Kong were the leading suppliers.

Exports of apparel wool textile products during the first 5 months of 1966 totaled 2 million pounds, up slightly from a year earlier. Exports of noils and wastes declined from 6 million pounds in 1965 to 3 million in 1966. (See table 20.)

DUTIABLE RAW WOOL IMPORTS UP 27 PERCENT

Imports of dutiable raw wool into the United States during the first 6 months of 1966 totaled 105 million pounds, up 27 percent from a year earlier. (See table 6.) The increase in imports was due to increased mill consumption in 1966 and the decline in domestic wool production. During the last half of 1966, imports are likely to be smaller because of lack of available supplies at the end of the 1965-66 season and the expected pressure of higher prices.

Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Argentina, and Uruguay accounted for 94 percent of U.S. raw wool imports through June 1966. U.S. imports from each of these countries increased during the first 6 months of 1966 compared with a year earlier. Australia's share, however, declined from 44 percent in 1965 to 39 percent in 1966. South Africa's share declined slightly to 12 percent; New Zealand's, and Argentina's shares increased slightly to 15 and 13 percent, respectively. Uruguay's share was unchanged.

The quality composition of imports shifted in favor of more wools grading 40's to 46's. In the first half of 1966, wools of this grade accounted for 6 percent of the total compared with 3 percent a year earlier. This increase was at the expense of each finer grade classification as shown in table 7.

MILL USE OF CARPET WOOL STABLE IN 1965

Consumption of carpet wool in 1966 likely will total only slightly above the 112 million pounds, scoured basis, used in 1965. Seasonally adjusted mill use of carpet wool has been relatively stable from mid-1964 through April 1966. (See table 21.) Prices of carpet wool in 1965 and 1966 were substantially lower than in 1964.

Table 7.--Quality composition of dutiable and duty-free imports, clean basis, United States, January-June 1963 to date

Grade	1963	1964	1965 1/	1966 1/
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
	Dutiable			
Finer than 56's	74.5	68.7	73.4	72.9
46's to 56's	13.9	8.3	16.4	13.9
40's to 46's	3.2	7.0	3.0	6.0
Not finer than 40's	8.2	16.0	7.2	7.2
Total	2/100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Duty-free			
44's to 46's	22.9	14.9	10.9	13.4
40's to 44's	16.6	15.6	24.5	32.3
Not finer than 40's	37.4	38.1	44.6	33.1
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	23.0	31.4	20.0	21.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

1/ Preliminary.
2/ Includes small amount of carbonized wool for which grade is not reported.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Mill consumption of wool, however, has not recovered from the shift to use of lower priced man-made fibers.

Mill use of carpet wool in the first 4 months of 1966 totaled 38 million pounds, scoured basis, unchanged from a year earlier. During this same period, total fiber use in the spinning of carpet and rug yarns increased 7 percent from a year earlier and amounted to 89 million pounds. Use of man-made fibers totaled 45 million pounds, an increase of 14 percent. The share of man-made fibers in the total increased to 51 percent in the first part of 1966 from 48 percent in 1965. Wool's share declined to 43 percent in 1966 from 45 percent a year earlier. (See tables 2 and 15.)

IMPORTS OF DUTY-FREE RAW WOOL AND CARPETS AND RUGS

Duty-free raw wool imports during the first half of 1966 were up substantially from a year earlier due to estimated lower beginning stocks in 1966. Carpet and rug imports continued to decline during January-May 1966.

Imports of duty-free raw wool in the first 6 months of 1966 totaled 56 million pounds, clean basis, up 13 percent from a year earlier. (See table 6.) Imports from Argentina increased 45 percent in 1966 due primarily to more favorable exporting conditions in that country. Imports from Syria and the United Kingdom were up 74 and 11 percent, respectively. Compared with a year earlier, imports in the first half of 1966 from New Zealand, Iraq, and Pakistan declined 2, 37, and 21 percent, respectively. The quantity of wool imported from the 2 major suppliers--Argentina and New Zealand--totaled 41 million pounds in the January-June period of 1966, or 73 percent of total imports in 1966 compared with 71 percent in 1965.

The quality of imported wools during 1966 showed a significant shift to more of the improved wools grading finer than 40's. (See table 7.)

Wool carpet and rug imports during the first 5 months of 1966 totaled 7 million pounds, raw wool equivalent, down 27 percent from a year earlier. Exports of carpets and rugs, although small in quantity, decreased slightly in early 1966. (See tables 19 and 20.)

THE WORLD WOOL SITUATION

HIGHER WORLD WOOL PRICES EXPECTED IN LATE 1966

Wool prices are expected to increase slightly in world markets during late 1966 and early 1967. This would be a continuation of the general price rise that began in mid-1965. The average price for all grades of New Zealand and Australian combing wools reached a season high in April 1966 and was 13 percent above a year earlier. During May and June, prices dropped very slightly, reflecting poorer quality of some offerings and limited quantities of wool available for sale in the Southern Hemisphere, generally. Substantial quantities of wool likely will begin to move again in auctions during August at slightly higher prices. After a period of level prices, while the market establishes further trends, further price increases likely will be realized before and after the Christmas recess. (See table 22 and fig. 1.)

Increased world consumption of wool and relatively low production are factors associated with the rising movement in prices. Low consumption in early 1965 has since been followed by a substantial recovery. During 1966, consumption is expected to exceed the 3,246 million pounds, clean basis, used in 1965 and to be well above production levels. (See table 8.) Wool production in 1966-67 may total about the same as the 3,245 million pounds, clean basis, produced in the 1965-66 season. As a result of the increase in consumption during 1966 and continued low production, current world stocks of raw wool are at substantially lower levels than a

year earlier. All of these factors point to rising prices. However, competition from the lower priced man-made fibers could be a major factor in moderating future increases in wool prices.

WORLD SHEEP NUMBERS REMAIN STABLE IN 1966

The world sheep population in 1966 is estimated at 998 million head, up slightly from previous seasons, and the largest number on record. Sheep numbers, however, have been relatively stable during the last 8 years, with the most recent low of 975 million head in 1961.

Sheep numbers during the last year declined about 6 million head in the 5 major Southern Hemisphere countries. Numbers in Australia dropped almost 9 million head to 162 million. Partially offsetting this drop was an increase of 3 million head in New Zealand. In the Republic of South Africa, Argentina, and Uruguay, the sheep population held relatively stable.

The total number of sheep in the U.S.S.R. is reported to have increased by nearly 5 million head to about 130 million. Elsewhere in Eastern Europe and in Asia there were slight increases. Excluding Argentina and Uruguay, sheep numbers were down slightly in

Table 8.--Estimated world consumption and production of raw wool, clean content, annual 1957 to date

Year	Consumption 1/	Production 2/
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
1957	2,952	2,889
1958	2,757	3,051
1959	3,172	3,220
1960	3,310	3,225
1961	3,332	3,270
1962	3,318	3,263
1963	3,323	3,336
1964	3,234	3,304
1965	3,246	3,245
1966 3/	3,350	3,250

1/ Calendar year. 2/ Marketing year. 4/ Estimated.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committe.

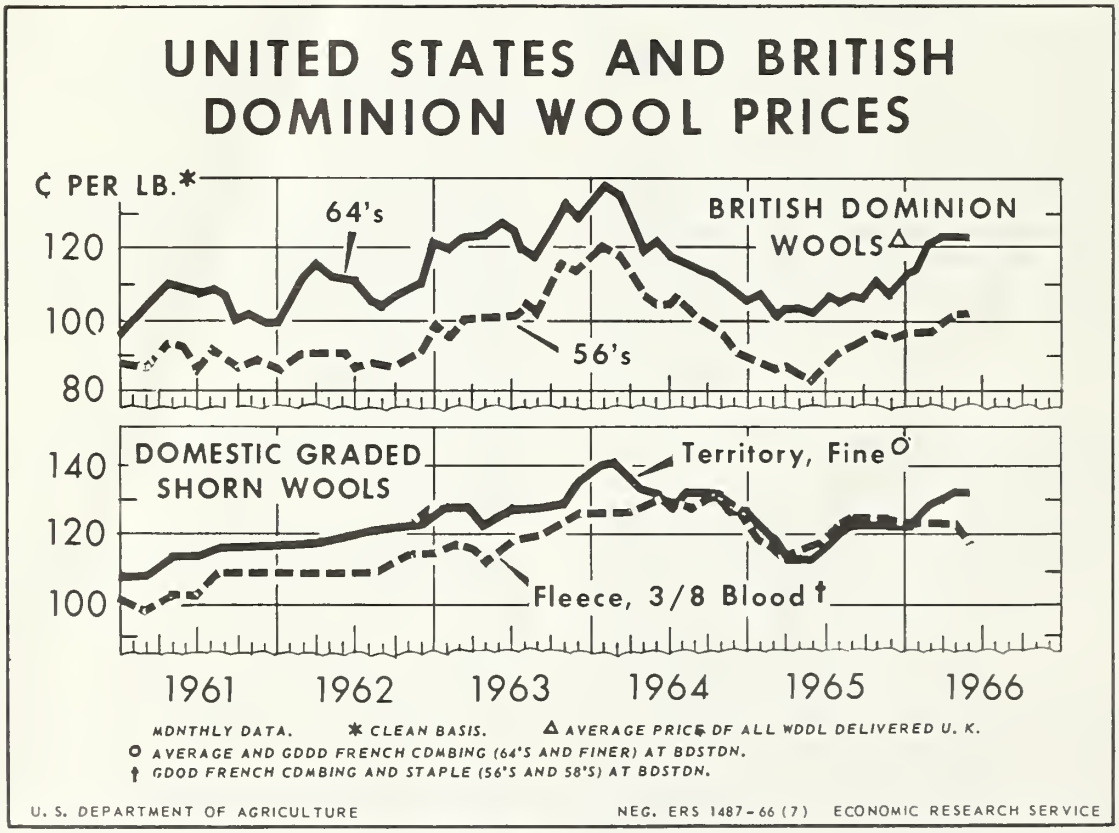

Figure 1

South America. Totals for countries in North America, Western Europe, and Africa were about unchanged.

TOTAL WORLD WOOL CONSUMPTION STABLE IN 1965

World consumption of raw wool in 1965 was estimated at 3,246 million pounds, clean content. This was only slightly above the previous year, but still below the consumption level of 1960-63. (See table 8.) The rate of world consumption, however, increased during 1965 and production declined. This resulted in decreased stocks and higher wool prices.

Raw wool use in non-Communist countries during 1965 totaled 2,486 million pounds, clean content, up 2 percent from 1954. Consumption in Communist-Bloc countries in 1965 amounted to 760 million pounds, down about 4 percent from a year earlier. The increase in Free-World consumption occurred in major manufacturing countries. In the United States, Japan, and West Germany, consumption increased 8, 5, and 8 percent, respectively. Australia, Belgium, and Italy registered smaller increases. Declines of about 4 percent in wool use occurred in France and the United Kingdom. Although world use of raw wool in 1965 increased slightly, total consumption of all fibers by the wool textile industry declined about 1 percent. Use of man-made fibers increased; that of nonvirgin wool and other fibers declined.

Consumption of raw wool during the first quarter of 1966 in major manufacturing countries was about 13 percent more than a year earlier. Mill use of wool was up in all reporting countries. Increases ranged from 2 percent in the United Kingdom to 34 percent in the Netherlands. Compared with the fourth quarter of 1965, however, mill activity during first quarter 1966 had leveled off, with no change shown in the daily rate of wool consumption. (See table 23.)

FIRST QUARTER OUTPUT OF WOOL TEXTILE PRODUCTS

Production of semiprocessed and manufactured wool textile products during the first quarter of 1966 was substantially above that of a year earlier. The daily rate of output of tops and worsted yarn was up from the fourth quarter of 1965, but that of woolen yarns and fabrics was below the previous quarter.

Expansion in wool textile output by countries varied substantially in the first quarter of 1966 compared with a year earlier. Italy, France, Japan, and the United States all increased production of tops, yarns, and fabrics. Increases in these products ranged from 9 to 46 percent in Italy, 8 to 38 percent in France, 1 to 19 percent in Japan, and 4 to 25 percent in the United States. Changes in output in Belgium, West Germany, and the Netherlands were smaller and mixed in direction. Output in the United Kingdom and Australia showed slight decreases. (See table 24.)

EXPORTS OF RAW WOOL UP 10 PERCENT

Raw wool exports through April of the 1965-66 season from the 5 surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere totaled 2,193 million pounds, actual weight. This was 10 percent above a year earlier.

International trading conditions in the South American countries have improved materially during the current season, allowing exporters to reduce the carryover of the previous year. This, in addition to increased world demand for apparel-class wool and lower carpet wool prices in Argentina, is a primary factor in expanding trade.

Exports from Uruguay increased 46 percent during the current season compared with a year earlier, while those from Argentina were up 70 percent. Exports from South Africa and New Zealand were up 20 and 11 percent, respectively. Those from Australia rose only slightly, reflecting the lower level of production. (See table 9.)

Table 9.--Exports of wool, actual weight, from Southern Hemisphere surplus-producing countries, 1963-64, 1964-65, and 1965-66 seasons through April 1/

Exporting countries	1963-64	1964-65	1965-66
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
Australia	1,252	1,187	1,191
New Zealand	450	411	457
Republic of South Africa	217	199	239
Argentina	159	128	217
Uruguay	44	61	89

1/ Season beginning July 1 in Australia, New Zealand, and Republic of South Africa, and beginning October 1, in Argentina and Uruguay.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committee.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part 1 - Prices

Item	1965 March	1965 April	1965 May	1965 June	1966 March	1966 April	1966 May	1966 June	Latest data available as percent of a year earlier
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Percent
Boston, clean basis									
Domestic									
Graded territory shorn wool									
Fine good French combing and staple	121.5	119.5	119.5	119.5	132.5	135.0	137.5	137.5	115
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	119.4	117.0	117.1	117.5	127.5	130.0	132.5	132.5	113
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	116.6	115.0	115.6	116.5	125.5	126.5	127.5	127.5	109
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	114.6	113.0	113.6	115.5	124.5	125.5	126.5	126.5	110
Low 1/4 blood	103.5	102.5	106.2	107.5	119.5	121.0	122.5	122.5	114
Common and braid	92.5	92.5	96.2	97.5	107.5	110.0	112.5	112.5	115
Graded fleece shorn wool									
Delaine	121.9	119.5	119.5	119.5	132.5	135.0	137.5	137.5	115
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	115.4	114.0	115.2	116.0	124.5	126.0	127.5	127.5	110
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	113.8	113.0	114.5	115.5	122.5	122.5	122.5	118.3	102
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	112.0	112.0	112.9	114.7	119.5	121.1	121.0	116.3	101
Low 1/4 blood	106.5	102.5	106.2	107.5	118.5	118.5	118.5	118.5	110
Common and braid	92.5	92.5	96.2	97.5	107.5	110.0	112.5	112.5	115
Original bag Texas shorn wool									
Fine 12 months good French combing and staple	120.5	118.0	117.5	117.5	132.5	135.0	137.5	137.5	117
Fine 8 months (1 in. and over)	108.5	107.5	111.2	109.1	117.5	118.0	114.5	114.9	105
Fine fall (3/4 in. and over)	98.5	92.5	92.5	92.5	107.5	107.5	107.5	107.5	116
Scoured pulled wool									
70's, 2 in. and longer	132.5	132.5	132.5	132.5	132.5	132.5	132.5	132.5	100
64's, 70's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	126.0	126.0	126.0	126.0	129.9	132.5	132.5	132.5	105
60's, 64's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	122.5	122.5	122.5	122.5	127.3	130.5	130.5	130.5	107
60's. 1 1/2 in. and longer	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.9	121.5	121.5	121.5	101
58's, 60's, 2 in. and longer	118.0	118.0	118.0	118.0	117.0	117.0	117.0	117.0	99
56's, 58's, 2 in. and longer	117.0	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	100
56's, 2 in. and longer	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0	115.0	115.0	115.0	115.0	101
50's, 56's, 2 in. and longer	112.5	112.5	112.5	112.5	112.5	112.5	112.5	112.5	100
44's, 50's, 4 in. and longer	109.5	109.5	109.5	109.5	109.5	109.5	109.5	109.5	100
36's, 44's, 4 in. and longer	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	100

Complied from Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part II - Mill Consumption and Imports

Item	Unit	1965 Feb.	1965 Mar.	1965 Apr.	1965 May	1966 Feb.	1966 Mar.	1966 Apr.	1966 May	Latest data available as percent of a year earlier
Mill consumption, scoured basis 1/										
Average weekly rate during month 2/										
Apparel wool 3/										
60's and finer	1,000 lb.	2,478	2,494	2,906	2,909	3,078	2,932	3,122	---	107
50's up to 60's	do.	2,104	2,088	2,395	2,300)	2,744	2,933	2,724	---	---
48's and coarser	do.	288	365	322	314)					
Total apparel wool	do.	4,870	4,947	5,623	5,523	5,822	5,865	5,846	---	104
Carpet wool 4/	do.	2,220	2,207	2,172	2,187	2,287	2,260	2,116	---	97
Total apparel and carpet	do.	7,090	7,154	7,795	7,710	8,109	8,125	7,962	---	102
Monthly aggregates 2/										
Apparel wool 3/										
60's and finer	Mil. lb.	9.9	12.5	11.6	11.6	12.3	14.7	12.5	---	108
50's up to 60's	do.	8.4	10.4	9.6	9.2)	11.0	14.7	10.9	---	---
48's and coarser	do.	1.2	1.8	1.3	1.3)					
Total apparel wool	do.	19.5	24.7	22.5	22.1	23.3	29.3	23.4	---	104
Carpet wool 4/	do.	8.9	11.0	8.7	8.7	9.1	11.3	8.5	---	98
Total apparel and carpet	do.	28.4	35.7	31.2	30.8	32.4	40.6	31.9	---	102
Accumulated since January 1										
Apparel wool 3/										
By grade										
60's and finer	Mil. lb.	19.6	32.1	43.7	55.4	24.0	38.6	51.1	---	117
50's up to 60's	do.	16.7	27.1	36.7	45.9)	22.7	37.3	48.2	---	---
48's and coarser	do.	2.6	4.4	5.7	6.9)				---	---
By system										
Woolen	do.	15.3	24.9	33.9	42.5	17.0	27.6	36.2	---	107
Worsted	do.	23.6	38.7	52.2	65.7	29.6	48.4	63.1	---	121
Total apparel wool	do.	38.9	63.6	86.1	108.2	46.6	76.0	99.3	---	115
Carpet wool	do.	18.1	29.2	37.9	46.6	18.1	29.4	37.9	---	100
Total apparel and carpet	do.	57.0	92.8	124.0	154.8	64.7	105.4	137.2	---	111
Imports for consumption, clean content										
Monthly aggregates										
Dutiable wool										
Finer than 56's	1,000 lb.	8,281	13,002	14,122	9,018	12,444	15,458	12,660	9,551	106
46's to 56's	do.	683	3,619	3,988	2,772	1,983	3,873	2,539	2,303	83
44's to 46's	do.	88	21	40	38	609	273	177	384	1,010
40's to 44's	do.	269	674	385	353	573	753	1,211	959	272
Not finer than 40's	do.	791	1,190	1,401	509	1,195	1,363	627	1,381	271
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	101	64	183	132	191	198	173	213	161
Total dutiable wool	do.	10,213	18,570	19,197	12,822	16,995	22,188	17,387	14,791	115
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	261	1,725	951	1,019	806	936	1,579	1,244	122
40's-44's	do.	477	2,733	2,799	2,209	1,883	3,208	2,623	3,348	152
Not finer than 40's	do.	873	5,515	5,230	3,136	3,038	3,937	3,386	2,034	65
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	965	2,504	2,006	1,451	1,259	2,700	1,945	1,643	113
Total duty-free	do.	2,577	12,478	10,986	7,815	6,986	10,781	9,533	8,320	106
Total free and dutiable	do.	12,790	31,048	30,183	20,638	23,981	32,969	26,920	23,111	112
Accumulated since January 1										
Dutiable wool										
Finer than 56's	Mil. lb.	15.2	28.2	42.3	51.3	27.1	42.8	55.5	65.0	127
46's to 56's	do.	1.9	5.5	8.6	11.4	4.1	7.9	10.5	12.8	112
44's to 46's	do.	.1	.2	.2	.2	.7	1.0	1.2	1.6	800
40's to 44's	do.	.4	1.1	1.5	1.8	1.2	1.9	3.1	4.1	227
Not finer than 40's	do.	1.3	2.5	3.9	4.4	2.5	3.9	4.5	5.9	134
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	.2	.2	.4	.6	.3	.5	.7	.9	150
Total dutiable wool	do.	19.1	37.7	56.9	69.7	36.0	58.1	75.5	90.3	130
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	.4	2.2	3.1	4.1	2.1	3.0	4.6	5.8	141
40's-44's	do.	1.7	4.4	7.2	9.4	4.2	7.4	10.1	13.4	143
Not finer than 40's	do.	3.8	9.3	14.5	17.6	6.1	10.1	13.4	15.5	88
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	1.9	4.4	6.4	7.9	3.7	6.4	8.3	10.0	127
Total duty-free wool	do.	7.8	20.3	31.3	39.1	16.1	26.9	36.4	44.7	114
Total free and dutiable	do.	26.9	58.0	88.2	108.8	52.1	85.0	111.9	135.1	124

1/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products.
2/ Monthly periods are 4 or 5 calendar weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter.
3/ Domestic and duty-paid foreign wool.
4/ Duty-free foreign wool.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 10.--Number of sheep and lambs shorn, weight per fleece, shorn wool production, and price per pound received by farmers, United States, 1950 to date

Year	Sheep and lambs shorn 1/	Weight per fleece 2/	Shorn wool production	Price per pound 3/
	Thousands	Pounds	Thousand pounds	Cents
1950	26,380	8.22	216,944	62.1
1951	27,347	8.34	228,091	97.1
1952	28,051	8.32	233,309	54.1
1953	27,845	8.34	232,258	54.9
1954	27,692	8.52	235,807	53.2
1955	28,149	8.57	241,284	4/42.8
1956	28,469	8.51	242,177	4/44.3
1957	28,415	8.41	239,101	4/53.7
1958	29,403	8.29	243,713	4/36.4
1959	30,763	8.45	259,939	4/43.3
1960	31,064	8.55	265,480	4/42.0
1961	30,719	8.50	261,249	4/42.9
1962	29,525	8.44	249,065	4/47.7
1963	27,875	8.54	238,185	4/48.5
1964	26,349	8.40	221,416	4/53.2
1965	25,082	8.51	213,569	4/47.1
1966	24,873	8.49	211,248	

1/ Includes sheep shorn at commercial feeding yards. 2/ For Texas and California the weight for fleece is the amount of wool shorn per sheep and lamb during the year. 3/ Year beginning April 1 for 1950 through 1962 marketing year, 9-month period beginning April 1 for 1963 marketing year, and calendar year thereafter. 4/ Does not include the incentive payment to bring season average return to incentive level of 62 cents per pound. 5/ Beginning 1961 includes Alaska.

Compiled from reports of Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

Table 11.--Number of stock sheep, number of sheep shorn, and shorn wool production, Native or fleece wool States and Western sheep States, 1950 to date

Year	"Native" or "fleece" wool States			11 Western sheep States Texas and South Dakota 1/		
	Stock sheep on January 1	Sheep shorn	Shorn wool production	Stock sheep on January 1	Sheep shorn	Shorn wool production
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousand pounds	Thousands	Thousands	Thousand pounds
1950	7,428	7,569	56,317	18,754	18,811	160,627
1951	7,807	8,063	60,581	19,444	19,284	167,510
1952	8,440	8,830	65,952	19,504	19,221	167,357
1953	8,678	8,929	67,130	18,915	18,916	165,128
1954	8,608	8,805	66,803	18,471	18,887	169,004
1955	8,673	8,799	67,703	18,464	19,350	173,581
1956	8,823	8,238	71,765	18,067	19,231	170,412
1957	9,026	9,751	74,218	17,322	18,664	164,883
1958	9,265	10,175	75,431	17,902	19,228	168,282
1959	9,229	10,122	76,782	18,879	20,641	183,157
1960	9,035	9,829	73,868	19,814	21,235	191,612
1961	8,779	9,411	71,175	19,777	21,296	189,946
1962	8,279	9,008	68,530	18,771	20,505	180,389
1963	7,463	8,071	61,901	18,252	19,790	176,117
1964	6,813	7,542	58,256	17,517	18,791	162,976
1965	6,619	6,990	55,653	16,660	18,074	157,707
1966	6,326	6,736	52,738	16,768	18,118	158,290

1/ Includes South Dakota, Texas, Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada, Washington, Oregon and California.

Compiled from reports of Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

Table 12.--Stock sheep on January 1, number of sheep shorn, weight per fleece, and shorn wool production, United States, 1964 to date

State	Stock sheep on January 1			Sheep and lambs shorn 1/			Weight per fleece			Shorn wool production		
	1964	1965	1966	1964	1965	1966	1964	1965	1966	1964	1965	1966
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
Maine	34	29	25	29	25	21	7.1	7.2	7.5	206	180	158
New Hampshire	7	7	6	6	6	5	6.7	7.0	7.2	40	42	36
Vermont	10	10	10	9	9	9	7.6	8.1	8.0	68	73	72
Massachusetts	11	11	11	10	10	10	6.5	7.0	7.0	65	70	70
Rhode Island	2	2	2	2	2	2	6.7	6.8	7.2	13	14	14
Connecticut	8	8	7	7	7	6	7.1	7.2	7.4	50	50	44
New York	131	135	124	114	113	101	7.9	8.1	8.1	900	914	821
New Jersey	14	13	13	12	11	11	7.1	7.6	7.5	85	84	82
Pennsylvania	210	214	210	193	197	193	7.3	7.6	7.4	1,409	1,497	1,448
North Atlantic	427	429	408	382	380	358	7.42	7.69	7.67	2,836	2,924	2,745
Ohio	654	647	633	739	710	705	8.7	8.8	8.7	6,436	6,231	6,109
Indiana	386	401	381	356	353	333	7.9	7.9	7.9	2,820	2,787	2,627
Illinois	475	451	433	575	548	501	7.4	7.7	7.4	4,273	4,207	3,701
Michigan	260	260	252	277	277	269	8.6	8.8	8.6	2,373	2,436	2,304
Wisconsin	173	164	157	167	158	151	8.0	8.1	8.0	1,344	1,284	1,208
East North Central	1,948	1,923	1,856	2,114	2,046	1,959	8.16	8.28	8.14	17,246	16,945	15,949
Minnesota	635	597	573	715	665	642	7.7	7.9	7.9	5,498	5,282	5,044
Iowa	900	936	842	1,196	1,093	1,015	7.4	7.9	7.7	8,821	8,667	7,773
Missouri	449	427	354	477	446	381	8.0	8.1	7.9	3,793	3,627	3,018
North Dakota	484	450	428	482	443	422	9.6	9.7	9.3	4,629	4,290	3,923
South Dakota	1,385	1,281	1,273	1,586	1,395	1,371	8.8	8.9	8.8	13,885	12,440	12,048
Nebraska	301	304	316	548	467	469	7.7	8.0	7.8	4,210	3,759	3,674
Kansas	442	420	479	528	440	537	8.1	8.2	8.3	4,287	3,589	4,446
West North Central	4,596	4,415	4,265	5,532	4,949	4,837	8.16	8.41	8.25	45,123	41,654	39,926
Delaware	5	5	4	4	4	3	6.8	7.3	7.5	27	29	22
Maryland	29	28	25	26	25	22	6.9	7.2	7.6	179	180	168
Virginia	238	228	226	224	214	212	5.8	6.0	6.0	1,299	1,284	1,274
West Virginia	220	213	202	196	187	179	5.6	5.8	5.8	1,098	1,085	1,043
North Carolina	36	33	32	32	29	28	6.2	6.4	6.2	198	186	174
South Carolina	8	8	8	6	6	6	7.3	6.7	7.0	44	40	42
Georgia	11	10	9	10	9	8	6.2	6.1	6.2	62	55	50
Florida	7	7	6	5	4	3	4.1	5.0	4.5	20	20	14
South Atlantic	554	532	512	503	478	461	5.82	6.02	6.05	2,927	2,879	2,787
Kentucky	240	206	187	214	187	168	7.1	7.4	7.3	1,519	1,384	1,226
Tennessee	118	105	92	106	90	80	5.3	5.6	5.6	562	504	448
Alabama	14	11	9	12	9	8	5.6	6.0	5.8	67	54	46
Mississippi	33	25	23	28	21	20	5.2	5.2	5.4	146	109	108
Arkansas	35	25	20	28	20	16	6.8	6.7	6.7	190	134	107
Louisiana	71	67	62	55	50	48	4.3	4.3	4.3	236	215	206
Oklahoma	162	162	165	154	155	152	8.4	8.3	8.1	1,289	1,291	1,238
Texas	5,013	4,662	5,035	5,476	5,420	5,755	7.5	8.1	7.9	41,294	43,941	45,594
South Central	5,686	5,263	5,593	6,073	5,952	6,247	7.46	8.00	7.84	45,303	47,632	48,973
Montana	1,461	1,373	1,277	1,369	1,264	1,215	9.8	9.6	9.5	13,444	12,190	11,596
Idaho	926	917	889	903	905	874	10.1	9.8	10.2	9,077	8,839	8,888
Wyoming	2,135	2,050	1,989	2,029	1,946	1,950	9.9	9.8	10.5	20,096	19,123	20,528
Colorado	1,140	1,094	1,127	1,314	1,250	1,290	9.6	9.1	9.3	12,642	11,410	11,958
New Mexico	1,055	938	920	1,029	922	896	9.3	9.4	9.4	9,537	8,669	8,380
Arizona	460	482	514	526	588	526	7.4	7.1	7.2	3,898	4,199	3,775
Utah	1,200	1,200	1,153	1,206	1,178	1,105	9.9	9.5	9.8	11,983	11,147	10,839
Nevada	271	255	242	250	231	226	9.6	9.5	9.5	2,394	2,189	2,139
Washington	272	258	237	281	269	244	9.2	9.3	9.2	2,583	2,511	2,246
Oregon	673	639	601	741	693	639	7.8	7.7	8.1	5,834	5,317	5,196
California	1,526	1,511	1,511	2,081	2,013	2,027	7.8	7.8	7.5	16,309	15,732	15,103
Western	11,119	10,717	10,460	11,729	11,259	10,992	9.19	9.00	9.16	107,797	101,326	100,648
48 States	24,330	23,279	23,094	26,333	25,064	24,854	8.40	8.51	8.49	221,232	213,360	211,028
Alaska	18	20	23	16	18	19	11.5	11.6	11.6	184	209	220
Hawaii	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
United States	24,348	23,299	23,117	26,349	25,082	24,873	8.40	8.51	8.49	221,416	213,569	211,248

1/ Includes sheep shorn at commercial feeding yards.

Compiled from reports of Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

Table 13.--Total domestic consumption of wool, United States, average 1951-55 and 1956-60, annual 1961-65, by months, January 1965 to date

Year	Apparel wool consumption				Carpet wool consumption				Total domestic wool consumption			
	Mill use	Foreign trade textile products: Imports	Foreign trade textile products: Exports	Total	Mill use	Foreign trade textile products: Imports	Foreign trade textile products: Exports	Total	Mill use	Foreign trade textile products: Imports	Foreign trade textile products: Exports	Total
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Average												
1951-55	327,541	60,122	5,587	382,075	120,923	9,637	467	130,094	448,464	69,759	6,054	512,169
1956-60	252,177	85,415	4,341	333,251	145,219	19,687	546	164,360	394,396	105,102	4,887	497,611
1961	263,072	99,202	3,985	358,289	149,057	28,256	553	176,760	412,129	127,458	4,538	535,049
1962	280,247	116,091	3,794	392,544	148,853	29,546	575	177,824	429,100	145,637	4,369	570,368
1963	251,344	130,530	5,119	376,755	160,399	22,019	470	181,948	411,743	152,549	5,589	558,703
1964	233,932	113,752	6,626	341,058	122,737	27,395	372	149,760	356,669	141,147	6,998	490,818
1965 1/	274,696	134,678	15,038	394,336	112,330	21,437	614	133,153	387,026	156,116	15,652	527,490
1965 1/												
Jan.	19,420	4,549	482	23,487	9,263	1,414	22	10,655	28,683	5,963	504	34,142
Feb.	19,477	7,764	1,092	26,149	8,880	1,856	19	10,717	28,357	9,620	1,111	36,866
Mar.	24,737	11,555	2,624	33,668	11,035	2,443	76	13,402	35,772	13,998	2,700	47,070
Apr.	22,490	11,275	2,906	30,859	8,687	2,308	59	10,936	31,177	13,583	2,965	41,795
May	22,093	11,135	1,101	32,127	8,748	1,737	48	10,437	30,841	12,872	1,149	42,564
June	27,306	13,139	927	39,518	10,798	1,765	65	12,498	38,104	14,904	992	52,016
July	19,533	11,530	786	30,277	6,539	1,152	32	7,659	26,072	12,682	818	37,936
Aug.	23,193	12,884	1,071	35,006	8,655	1,589	49	10,195	31,848	14,473	1,120	45,201
Sept.	27,121	14,655	1,099	40,677	10,949	2,183	25	13,107	38,070	16,838	1,124	53,784
Oct.	22,642	13,793	809	35,626	9,369	1,663	85	10,947	32,011	15,456	894	46,573
Nov.	21,070	11,582	1,150	31,502	9,282	1,605	85	10,802	30,352	13,187	1,235	42,304
Dec.	25,614	10,816	988	35,442	10,125	1,723	48	11,800	35,739	12,539	1,036	47,242
1966 1/												
Jan.	23,351	10,731	767	33,315	8,971	1,282	46	10,207	32,322	12,013	813	43,522
Feb.	23,289	9,836	863	32,262	9,146	1,079	54	10,171	32,435	10,915	917	42,433
Mar.	29,321	11,842	1,534	39,629	11,302	1,478	43	12,737	40,623	13,320	1,577	52,366
Apr.	23,384	10,786	1,309	32,861	8,466	1,930	44	10,352	31,850	12,716	1,353	43,213
1965 1/												
Jan.-Apr.	86,124	35,143	7,104	114,163	37,865	8,021	176	45,710	123,989	43,164	7,280	159,873
1966 1/												
Jan.-Apr.	99,345	43,195	4,473	138,067	37,885	5,769	187	43,467	137,230	48,964	4,660	181,534

1/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 14.--Average weekly rate of mill consumption of apparel wool on the woolen and worsted system, scoured basis, unadjusted and adjusted for seasonal variation, U.S., by months, 1954 to date 1/

Year	January		February		March		April		May		June	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1954	4,652	4,534	4,916	4,582	4,894	4,812	5,476	5,151	5,851	5,363	5,570	5,498
1955	5,279	5,175	5,673	5,297	5,390	5,284	5,586	5,295	5,751	5,271	5,282	5,178
1956	6,171	6,098	6,405	6,008	5,865	5,733	6,255	5,968	6,143	5,636	5,569	5,407
1957	5,290	5,279	5,561	5,266	5,372	5,267	5,024	4,817	5,305	4,867	5,364	5,143
1958	3,322	3,342	3,711	3,554	3,764	3,705	3,644	3,504	4,148	3,788	4,530	4,286
1959	4,921	4,991	5,008	4,853	5,062	5,002	5,668	5,455	5,630	5,114	5,387	5,025
1960	5,040	5,143	5,161	5,035	4,757	4,687	5,048	4,858	5,354	4,850	5,321	4,922
1961	4,191	4,276	4,451	4,330	4,547	4,462	5,001	4,841	5,696	5,164	5,432	4,993
1962	5,154	5,243	5,649	5,458	5,909	5,759	5,600	5,463	5,914	5,371	5,798	5,309
1963	5,120	5,187	5,671	5,437	5,565	5,382	5,070	5,005	5,310	4,840	5,352	4,883
1964	4,563	4,604	4,726	4,505	4,443	4,272	4,281	4,255	4,836	4,428	4,976	4,540
1965	4,855	4,884	4,870	4,620	4,947	4,748	5,623	5,617	5,523	5,076	5,461	4,978
1966	5,838	5,867	5,822	5,508	5,865	5,623	5,846	5,852				

Year	July		August		September		October		November		December	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1954	5,271	5,578	5,926	5,482	4,881	5,254	4,962	5,147	4,685	5,070	4,520	5,148
1955	5,046	5,328	5,721	5,282	5,066	5,401	5,621	5,849	5,570	6,035	5,098	5,826
1956	5,214	5,483	5,966	5,509	5,111	5,357	5,921	6,155	4,995	5,417	5,175	5,955
1957	4,210	4,394	4,792	4,421	4,546	4,682	3,624	3,759	3,378	3,684	3,208	3,743
1958	3,963	4,120	4,542	4,194	4,422	4,498	4,102	4,233	4,216	4,608	3,905	4,599
1959	5,154	5,369	5,400	5,000	5,126	5,178	5,195	5,339	4,586	5,012	4,162	4,914
1960	4,674	4,925	5,151	4,801	4,571	4,622	4,448	4,548	4,009	4,372	3,520	4,127
1961	4,782	5,125	5,650	5,295	5,149	5,211	5,447	5,552	5,284	5,756	5,033	5,832
1962	4,651	5,072	5,584	5,258	5,348	5,429	5,296	5,398	5,097	5,564	4,886	5,584
1963	4,215	4,657	5,012	4,733	4,539	4,589	4,148	4,237	4,021	4,399	4,175	4,728
1964	4,026	4,473	4,628	4,378	4,549	4,590	4,332	4,425	3,977	4,365	3,874	4,372
1965	4,883	5,431	5,798	5,491	5,424	5,457	5,661	5,782	5,267	5,813	5,123	5,795
1966												

1/ Revised April 1966.

Table 15.--Fibers consumed and percentage distribution of wool and other fibers used in woolen spinning and worsted combing, United States, January-April 1962-66

Fiber and year	Production of top		Worsted system 1/		Woolen system: For yarns, except carpet and rug		Woolen system: For carpet and rug yarns		Total fibers consumed	
	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent
Shorn and pulled wool of the sheep										
1962	53,372	92.5	59,788	92.5	40,213	33.9	49,079	67.2	149,080	58.2
1963	51,480	88.1	57,047	87.9	38,849	32.2	58,293	71.0	154,189	57.7
1964	42,609	83.2	46,929	83.1	33,972	30.9	45,100	53.9	126,001	50.4
1965	47,759	86.9	52,246	86.7	33,878	31.3	37,865	45.4	123,989	49.2
1966 6/	57,624	90.4	63,117	90.4	36,228	31.2	37,885	42.6	137,230	49.9
Reused, reprocessed, and other wool 2/										
1962	3/	----	3/	----	48,598	41.0	7,335	10.0	58,008	22.6
1963	3/	----	3/	----	53,338	44.2	6,318	7.7	64,856	24.2
1964	3/	----	3/	----	46,256	42.2	4,949	5.9	57,462	23.0
1965	3/	----	3/	----	44,889	41.5	5,524	6.6	54,814	21.8
1966 6/	3/	----	3/	----	46,272	39.9	4,822	5.4	55,839	20.3
Man-made fibers 4/										
1962	1,643	2.8	1,771	2.7	25,567	21.6	16,169	22.1	43,507	17.0
1963	1,464	2.5	1,581	2.4	25,156	20.9	16,969	20.7	43,706	16.3
1964	1,838	3.6	1,925	3.4	27,251	24.8	33,249	39.8	62,425	25.0
1965	2,054	3.7	2,134	3.5	27,206	25.1	39,814	47.7	69,154	27.4
1966 6/	7/1,493	2.3	1,493	2.1	31,126	26.8	45,367	51.0	77,986	28.4
Other fibers 5/										
1962	3/	----	3/	----	4,108	3.5	3/	----	5,559	2.2
1963	3/	----	3/	----	3,294	2.7	3/	----	4,820	1.8
1964	3/	----	3/	----	2,344	2.1	3/	----	3,994	1.6
1965	3/	----	3/	----	2,283	2.1	3/	----	3,935	1.6
1966 6/	3/	----	3/	----	2,454	2.1	3/	----	3,770	1.4
Total fibers consumed										
1962	57,689	100.0	64,610	100.0	118,486	100.0	73,058	100.0	256,154	100.0
1963	58,450	100.0	64,864	100.0	120,637	100.0	82,070	100.0	267,571	100.0
1964	51,204	100.0	56,495	100.0	109,823	100.0	83,564	100.0	249,882	100.0
1965	54,923	100.0	60,222	100.0	108,256	100.0	83,414	100.0	251,892	100.0
1966 6/	63,727	100.0	69,809	100.0	116,080	100.0	88,936	100.0	274,825	100.0

1/ Consumption on the worsted system is taken as the sum of top and noil combed.
2/ Includes mohair, alpaca, vicuna, and other specialty fibers as well as tops and noils consumed in woolen spinning and mohair consumed in worsted combing.
3/ Not reported to avoid disclosure of individual company information.
4/ Does not include man-made fiber converted from tow without combing.
5/ Includes cotton, jute, and other vegetable fibers and animal fibers, other than raw wool and mohair, consumed in worsted combing.
6/ Preliminary. 7/ Includes less than 5 percent man-made fiber noils.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of Census.

Table 16.--Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly rates of mill consumption of apparel wool on the woolen and worsted systems, United States, by months, 1954-66 1/

Year	January		February		March		April		May		June	
	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
1954	96.8	102.6	102.5	107.3	99.6	101.7	102.3	106.3	107.7	109.1	105.6	101.3
1955	97.3	102.0	103.6	107.1	100.2	102.0	103.3	105.5	108.5	109.1	105.4	102.0
1956	98.1	101.2	104.3	106.6	101.0	102.3	103.7	104.8	108.7	109.0	106.0	103.0
1957	98.7	100.2	104.6	105.6	101.1	102.0	103.7	104.3	108.6	109.0	106.8	104.3
1958	98.6	99.4	103.8	104.4	100.9	101.6	103.7	104.0	109.1	109.5	108.1	105.7
1959	97.5	98.6	102.8	103.2	100.8	101.2	103.6	103.9	110.0	110.1	109.4	107.2
1960	96.6	98.0	101.6	102.5	100.6	101.5	104.2	103.9	111.1	110.4	109.6	108.1
1961	95.8	98.0	101.1	102.8	100.4	101.9	104.6	103.3	111.8	110.3	109.5	108.8
1962	95.6	98.3	100.8	103.5	100.1	102.6	104.7	102.5	112.2	110.1	109.5	109.2
1963	95.5	98.7	100.7	104.3	100.0	103.4	104.8	101.3	112.4	109.7	109.5	109.6
1964		99.1		104.9		104.0		100.6		109.2		109.6
1965		99.4		105.4		104.2		100.1		108.8		109.7
1966		99.5		105.7		104.3		99.9		108.7		109.8

Year	July		August		September		October		November		December	
	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
1954	94.7	94.5	110.0	108.1	97.5	92.9	100.3	96.4	93.7	92.4	86.9	87.8
1955	95.2	94.7	109.5	108.3	95.9	93.8	99.3	96.1	92.5	92.3	87.4	87.5
1956	95.2	95.1	108.5	108.3	95.7	95.4	98.2	96.2	91.9	92.2	87.3	86.9
1957	95.7	95.8	107.9	108.4	96.7	97.1	97.8	96.4	91.3	91.7	86.6	85.7
1958	96.0	96.2	107.8	108.3	98.0	98.3	97.7	96.9	91.1	91.5	85.5	84.9
1959	96.1	96.0	108.0	108.0	99.0	99.0	97.5	97.3	91.2	91.5	84.5	84.7
1960	96.0	94.9	107.9	107.3	99.3	98.9	97.9	97.8	91.7	91.7	84.1	85.3
1961	95.5	93.3	107.9	106.7	99.3	98.8	98.6	98.1	92.1	91.8	84.2	86.3
1962	95.1	91.7	108.0	106.2	99.0	98.5	98.9	98.1	92.3	91.6	84.5	87.5
1963	94.9	90.5	108.1	105.9	98.9	98.9	99.1	97.9	92.4	91.4	84.7	88.3
1964		90.0		105.7		99.1		97.9		91.1		88.6
1965		89.9		105.6		99.4		97.9		90.6		88.4
1966		89.8		105.6		99.6		97.9		90.4		88.4

1/ Revised April 1966.

Table 17.--Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly rates of mill consumption of carpet wool on the woolen system, United States, by months, 1954-66 1/

Year	January		February		March		April		May		June	
	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
1954	111.3	112.1	116.2	114.9	111.6	106.8	106.1	106.7	95.6	99.1	88.2	84.5
1955	112.0	112.5	116.3	115.4	110.4	106.9	106.2	106.4	96.3	98.3	85.5	84.0
1956	112.3	113.1	116.1	115.8	110.0	106.3	106.0	105.8	96.4	97.4	84.3	83.8
1957	114.2	113.8	116.3	116.1	109.1	104.9	106.0	105.2	96.3	96.1	82.8	83.6
1958	115.3	114.0	115.9	115.7	107.5	103.6	105.2	104.1	95.6	95.1	82.8	84.2
1959	117.0	113.4	115.1	114.1	105.2	102.0	103.2	102.7	95.3	94.7	83.7	85.7
1960	117.8	111.5	113.5	111.0	102.1	101.0	100.6	100.9	95.8	95.7	86.0	88.3
1961	118.6	109.1	112.4	108.2	99.3	100.0	98.2	99.3	96.4	96.9	87.8	91.0
1962	118.9	106.4	111.9	105.6	97.5	99.8	97.2	97.9	96.5	98.0	88.3	93.3
1963	119.1	104.3	111.7	103.7	96.6	99.7	96.7	96.9	96.6	98.8	88.6	95.1
1964		103.1		102.2		99.8		96.4		99.3		96.2
1965		102.7		101.9		99.9		96.4		99.3		96.5
1966		102.5		101.7		100.0		96.4		99.3		96.7

Year	July		August		September		October		November		December	
	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised	Old	Revised
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
1954	60.7	64.4	102.1	104.4	99.3	100.7	107.0	107.0	101.9	101.1	99.5	98.1
1955	62.7	64.8	103.0	104.3	100.8	101.6	107.5	106.8	101.2	101.4	98.0	97.7
1956	64.9	66.0	103.3	104.4	101.4	102.4	107.3	106.4	100.1	101.4	96.5	97.6
1957	67.1	67.5	103.8	105.6	101.9	103.3	106.6	105.6	99.7	101.4	96.5	97.6
1958	69.4	69.7	104.6	107.0	102.2	103.7	105.9	105.8	99.0	101.0	97.2	98.3
1959	71.0	71.2	105.8	108.9	103.0	104.7	105.8	106.3	99.6	101.2	97.7	98.3
1960	72.2	72.6	106.8	109.9	103.0	105.3	106.2	107.3	99.6	101.4	98.4	98.4
1961	72.4	72.8	107.9	111.2	102.9	106.2	107.1	108.5	100.2	102.4	98.6	97.9
1962	72.7	73.2	108.5	110.9	102.6	106.7	107.9	110.0	100.3	103.5	98.9	97.4
1963	72.9	72.9	108.8	110.3	102.5	107.8	108.3	110.9	100.4	105.3	99.1	96.2
1964		73.0		109.0		108.2		111.1		106.4		95.7
1965		72.9		108.5		108.5		110.7		107.0		95.3
1966		72.8		108.3		108.7		110.6		107.3		95.1

1/ Revised April 1966.

Table 18.--Finished wool apparel fabrics: Inventories and unfilled orders at the weaving mill level, by months, January 1960 to date

Year and month	Woolens		Worsteds		Wool blends (chiefly polyester)		Total 1/	
	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders
	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.
1960								
Jan.	---	---	---	---	---	---	26.4	58.1
Feb.	---	---	---	---	---	---	30.0	71.6
Mar.	---	---	---	---	---	---	29.9	72.7
Apr.	---	---	---	---	---	---	31.3	78.5
May	---	---	---	---	---	---	29.2	72.4
June	---	---	---	---	---	---	26.4	63.9
July	---	---	---	---	---	---	24.7	55.4
Aug.	---	---	---	---	---	---	23.6	47.5
Sept.	---	---	---	---	---	---	20.1	41.4
Oct.	---	---	---	---	---	---	19.0	37.5
Nov.	---	---	---	---	---	---	18.8	38.8
Dec.	---	---	---	---	---	---	20.0	49.8
1961								
Jan.	15.4	27.1	4.9	17.2	---	---	20.3	44.3
Feb.	17.3	32.0	5.8	19.8	---	---	23.1	51.8
Mar.	19.9	36.8	5.7	22.1	---	---	25.6	58.9
Apr.	21.5	41.5	5.4	24.0	---	---	26.9	65.5
May	19.6	39.6	5.1	24.7	---	---	24.7	64.3
June	16.4	37.8	5.1	26.8	---	---	21.5	64.6
July	15.2	34.2	4.0	23.0	---	---	19.2	57.2
Aug.	14.8	30.1	3.8	24.0	---	---	18.6	54.1
Sept.	13.2	27.7	3.7	29.4	---	---	16.9	57.1
Oct.	11.4	20.0	3.1	26.2	---	---	14.5	46.2
Nov.	11.5	25.2	3.3	27.8	---	---	14.8	53.0
Dec.	12.9	30.3	4.5	32.4	---	---	17.4	62.7
1962								
Jan.	16.7	39.7	4.0	36.0	---	---	20.7	75.7
Feb.	20.0	48.3	4.3	41.4	---	---	24.3	89.7
Mar.	21.2	49.9	3.9	35.5	---	---	25.1	85.4
Apr.	21.1	48.0	3.8	37.1	---	---	24.9	85.1
May	19.5	46.7	3.8	36.4	---	---	23.3	83.1
June	17.3	41.6	3.7	38.4	---	---	21.0	80.0
July	15.6	36.2	3.9	36.5	---	---	19.5	72.7
Aug.	12.1	29.0	5.5	32.0	---	---	17.6	61.0
Sept.	13.0	28.2	3.2	30.8	---	---	16.2	59.0
Oct.	13.1	24.2	3.7	29.9	---	---	16.8	54.1
Nov.	13.6	26.3	3.2	29.1	---	---	16.8	55.4
Dec.	15.9	33.4	4.3	29.4	---	---	20.2	62.8
1963								
Jan.	20.1	38.2	4.2	28.4	---	---	24.3	66.6
Feb.	21.4	41.8	5.3	28.8	---	---	26.7	70.6

continued -

See footnote end of table.

Table 18.--Finished wool apparel fabrics: Inventories and unfilled orders at the weaving mill level, by months, January 1960 to date - continued

Year and month	Woolens		Worsteds		Wool blends (chiefly polyester)		Total 1/	
	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders
	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.
1963								
Mar.	24.6	46.2	5.3	28.2	---	---	29.9	74.4
Apr.	25.1	44.6	5.5	23.4	---	---	30.6	68.0
May	24.4	43.1	5.7	20.9	---	---	30.1	64.0
June	22.9	40.5	4.8	17.5	---	---	27.7	58.0
July	20.3	37.8	4.4	15.7	---	---	24.7	53.5
Aug.	19.7	31.0	4.9	13.8	---	---	24.6	44.8
Sept.	16.9	27.5	4.2	14.3	---	---	21.1	41.8
Oct.	15.6	24.2	4.3	15.3	---	---	19.9	39.5
Nov.	16.0	41.6	4.5	22.0	---	---	20.5	63.6
Dec.	17.9	47.1	5.1	25.2	---	---	23.0	72.3
1964								
Jan.	20.6	46.4	6.4	27.5	3.3	11.9	30.4	85.8
Feb.	24.1	50.3	6.2	27.3	2.6	10.7	33.0	88.3
Mar.	25.7	48.8	6.3	26.2	2.9	14.0	34.9	89.0
Apr.	25.0	48.9	5.7	25.1	2.4	18.2	33.1	92.2
May	23.8	46.4	5.5	22.8	2.7	21.9	32.0	91.1
June	20.8	42.3	5.0	21.4	3.0	24.6	28.8	82.3
July	18.4	36.3	4.6	19.2	3.5	24.6	23.0	80.1
Aug.	16.5	32.8	3.7	20.3	3.4	23.0	21.0	53.8
Sept.	14.5	28.0	3.6	26.4	3.2	24.1	21.3	78.5
Oct.	11.7	25.3	3.5	29.3	3.2	29.5	18.4	84.1
Nov.	11.5	32.4	3.8	31.8	3.0	24.6	18.3	88.8
Dec.	12.4	39.1	4.1	34.9	3.1	22.2	19.6	96.1
1965								
Jan.	15.7	44.0	4.5	34.1	2.4	28.2	22.7	106.4
Feb.	17.6	51.9	5.0	32.9	2.2	33.5	24.7	118.3
Mar.	19.6	58.5	4.6	30.1	2.0	28.4	26.2	117.0
Apr.	18.7	60.1	4.7	25.9	2.4	29.6	25.3	115.5
May	17.3	55.4	4.5	29.9	2.9	34.6	24.7	119.9
June	15.7	51.7	4.2	30.6	3.3	37.6	23.3	119.9
July	14.5	42.7	3.8	30.2	3.6	33.2	21.9	106.1
Aug.	13.2	40.6	3.3	35.3	3.9	33.6	20.4	109.5
Sept.	11.8	38.7	3.4	35.6	3.9	29.4	19.1	103.8
Oct.	10.6	36.1	3.1	40.8	3.9	24.5	17.6	101.5
Nov.	11.8	42.3	3.7	42.5	8.7	33.6	24.2	118.4
Dec.	12.6	49.9	4.2	40.9	3.3	26.8	20.2	117.6
1966								
Jan.	13.3	53.9	5.0	39.2	2.8	30.9	21.1	124.0
Feb.	14.2	56.2	6.4	36.8	2.9	31.0	23.5	124.0
Mar.	17.8	59.2	6.4	32.9	3.3	32.8	25.5	124.9
Apr.	17.9	54.7	6.1	25.1	3.6	29.5	27.7	109.3

1/ Total excludes data for wool-blend fabrics (chiefly polyester) prior to 1964.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 19--Raw wool content of United States imports for consumption of wool manufactures, average 1955-59, annual 1960-65 and by months, January-May 1966 1/

Year and month	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Woven fabrics 2/	Wool blankets 3/	Wearing apparel		Other manufactures 5/	Subtotal	Noils	Wastes 6/	Carpets and rugs	Total
					Knit	Other than knit						
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Average												
1955-59	1,588	2,881	17,390	189	3,897	3,306	1,909	31,159	32,795	14,943	16,358	94,955
1960	4,602	5,250	29,600	234	7,738	6,003	1,943	55,470	36,592	11,190	28,979	132,132
1961	3,405	5,496	19,207	296	8,478	5,239	3,364	45,485	41,218	12,499	28,256	127,458
1962	5,717	9,162	22,108	337	12,629	10,161	5,297	65,411	36,569	14,111	29,546	145,637
1963	6,457	9,992	22,266	420	17,966	10,073	5,364	72,538	41,729	16,263	22,019	152,549
1964	3,079	8,217	19,804	535	20,282	8,139	1,201	61,261	38,075	14,420	27,395	141,147
1965	8,088	11,257	25,702	744	27,617	7,826	1,752	82,986	34,291	17,402	21,437	156,116
1966 8/												
Jan.	1,274	998	1,928	69	1,272	321	179	6,041	3,039	1,651	1,282	12,013
Feb.	1,090	946	2,166	40	999	189	136	5,466	2,731	1,639	1,079	10,915
Mar.	979	1,104	3,184	33	1,123	213	101	6,737	3,196	1,908	1,478	13,320
Apr.	773	1,461	2,914	39	1,301	226	154	6,868	2,224	1,694	1,930	12,716
May	800	1,758	2,440	93	1,869	241	191	7,392	2,227	1,627	1,398	12,644
Jan.-May												
1960	2,587	2,294	18,980	39	1,410	977	406	26,693	15,624	6,314	13,233	61,864
1961	1,448	2,309	9,502	62	1,535	1,102	1,131	17,089	18,624	5,891	11,263	52,867
1962	3,173	3,597	8,257	86	2,307	1,068	3,264	21,752	15,351	6,767	14,383	58,253
1963	4,097	4,047	9,801	82	3,822	1,100	4,027	26,976	17,018	7,526	9,344	60,864
1964	1,353	3,129	8,698	174	4,336	1,075	426	19,191	17,342	6,495	11,462	54,490
1965	2,604	3,785	10,876	185	6,135	1,158	678	25,421	14,645	6,212	9,758	56,036
1966 8/	4,916	6,167	12,632	274	6,564	1,190	761	32,504	13,418	8,519	7,167	61,608

See footnotes end of table 20.

Table 20--Raw wool content of United States exports of domestic wool manufactures, average 1955-59, annual 1960-65 and by months, January-May 1966 1/

Year and month	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Fabrics woven and knit	Wool blankets	Wearing apparel		Other manufactures 7/	Felts	Subtotal	Noils and wastes 6/	Carpets and rugs	Total
					Knit	Other than knit						
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Average												
1955-59	136	217	669	387	240	414	442	253	2,758	1,754	539	5,051
1960	297	281	950	114	160	345	360	252	2,759	1,470	466	4,695
1961	278	232	563	88	162	323	489	193	2,328	1,657	553	4,538
1962	291	221	654	173	126	273	442	170	2,350	1,444	575	4,369
1963	873	229	701	89	145	266	580	198	3,081	2,038	470	5,589
1964	370	228	748	239	201	390	893	276	3,345	3,281	372	6,998
1965	433	185	804	213	349	512	2,132	1,534	6,162	8,876	614	15,652
1966 8/												
Jan.	21	21	36	12	14	52	132	178	466	301	46	813
Feb.	19	7	56	7	20	62	152	82	405	458	54	917
Mar.	43	45	92	10	25	43	135	219	612	922	43	1,577
Apr.	61	24	50	13	44	45	178	89	504	805	44	1,353
May	11	13	45	11	14	57	148	79	378	843	22	1,243
Jan.-May												
1960	89	144	209	57	32	101	138	120	890	570	227	1,687
1961	141	97	200	18	41	91	261	77	926	697	224	1,847
1962	116	94	275	19	27	78	156	81	846	666	314	1,826
1963	213	87	266	25	37	92	179	100	999	805	171	1,975
1964	186	105	261	40	56	134	217	96	1,095	1,213	164	2,472
1965	166	55	329	45	92	156	692	582	2,117	6,088	224	8,429
1966 8/	155	110	279	53	117	259	745	647	2,365	3,329	209	5,903

1/ Includes manufactures of mohair, alpaca, and other wool-like specialty hair. 2/ Includes pile fabrics and manufactures, tapestry and upholstery goods, press and billiard cloths. 3/ Includes carriage and automobile robes, streamer rugs, etc. 4/ Includes laces, lace articles, veils and veilings, nets and nettings, when reported in pounds. 5/ Includes knit fabrics in the piece and miscellaneous manufactures not elsewhere specified. 6/ Not including rags. Beginning January 1965, export data includes substantial quantities of non-wool animal hair. 7/ Census Bureau's Schedule B classification designated manufactures, n.e.c. 8/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 21.--Average weekly rate of mill consumption of carpet wool on the woolen system, scoured basis, unadjusted and adjusted for seasonal variation, U.S., by months, 1954 to date 1/

Year	January		February		March		April		May		June	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1954	2,514	2,243	2,500	2,176	2,389	2,237	2,346	2,199	2,093	2,112	1,793	2,122
1955	2,546	2,263	2,540	2,201	2,541	2,377	2,555	2,401	2,585	2,630	2,251	2,680
1956	3,213	2,838	3,362	2,903	2,898	2,726	3,037	2,870	2,863	2,939	2,363	2,820
1957	2,988	2,626	3,330	2,868	3,151	3,004	2,859	2,718	2,369	2,465	2,049	2,451
1958	2,229	1,955	2,406	2,079	2,095	2,022	1,519	1,459	1,464	1,539	1,596	1,895
1959	3,779	3,332	3,785	3,317	3,515	3,446	3,642	3,546	3,379	3,568	2,992	3,491
1960	4,225	3,789	3,860	3,477	3,327	3,294	3,501	3,470	3,010	3,145	2,365	2,678
1961	3,081	2,824	2,918	2,697	2,435	2,435	2,604	2,622	2,732	2,819	2,616	2,875
1962	2,829	2,659	2,870	2,718	2,819	2,825	2,436	2,488	2,895	2,954	2,905	3,114
1963	2,838	2,721	3,363	3,243	3,531	3,542	3,306	3,412	3,428	3,470	2,652	2,789
1964	2,753	2,670	2,679	2,621	2,367	2,372	2,230	2,313	1,872	1,885	2,159	2,244
1965	2,316	2,255	2,220	2,179	2,207	2,209	2,172	2,253	2,187	2,202	2,160	2,238
1966	2,243	2,188	2,287	2,249	2,260	2,260	2,116	2,195				

Year	July		August		September		October		November		December	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1954	1,370	2,127	2,296	2,199	2,300	2,284	2,365	2,210	2,274	2,249	2,214	2,257
1955	1,655	2,554	2,629	2,521	2,650	2,608	2,976	2,787	2,893	2,853	2,775	2,840
1956	1,787	2,707	3,044	2,916	2,685	2,622	3,206	3,013	2,309	2,277	2,682	2,748
1957	1,683	2,493	2,424	2,295	2,368	2,292	2,368	2,242	2,025	1,997	1,890	1,936
1958	1,474	2,115	2,480	2,318	2,909	2,805	2,847	2,691	3,164	3,133	2,893	2,943
1959	2,469	3,468	3,466	3,183	3,169	3,027	3,121	2,936	2,855	2,821	3,208	3,263
1960	2,294	3,160	3,664	3,334	3,106	2,950	3,094	2,884	2,972	2,931	2,836	2,882
1961	2,283	3,136	3,329	2,994	3,038	2,861	3,509	3,234	2,951	2,882	3,006	3,070
1962	2,034	2,779	3,338	3,010	3,267	3,062	3,271	2,974	3,140	3,034	2,766	2,840
1963	2,417	3,316	3,373	3,058	3,396	3,150	3,194	2,880	3,001	2,850	2,662	2,767
1964	1,576	2,159	2,551	2,340	2,474	2,286	2,577	2,320	2,453	2,305	2,166	2,263
1965	1,635	2,243	2,164	1,994	2,190	2,018	2,344	2,116	2,321	2,169	2,025	2,125
1966												

1/ Revised April 1966.

Table 22.--Price per pound of British Dominion wool, (Bradford grade), by months, January 1965 to date

Year and month	Combing							
	70's	64's	60's	58's	56's	50's	48's	46's
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
1965								
January	114.0	104.7	100.0	93.0	90.7	80.3	75.6	74.4
February	115.3	106.0	100.2	92.0	88.5	80.4	75.7	74.5
March	111.7	102.4	95.4	88.4	86.1	76.8	73.3	71.0
April	113.0	103.7	96.7	89.7	87.4	81.6	78.1	75.7
May	113.0	103.7	96.7	90.9	85.1	81.6	78.1	75.8
June	110.5	102.4	96.6	93.1	83.8	79.1	75.6	73.3
July	114.0	107.0	102.3	98.8	87.2	84.9	81.4	79.1
August	112.8	107.0	102.3	98.8	91.9	87.2	82.6	80.2
September	114.2	108.4	103.7	100.2	93.2	83.9	81.6	79.2
October	121.5	113.3	108.6	103.9	94.6	86.4	82.9	81.8
November	123.8	115.7	111.0	107.5	97.0	86.4	82.9	81.8
December	122.6	113.3	108.6	105.1	96.9	82.9	79.4	77.1
1966								
January	125.0	114.5	109.8	106.3	95.8	82.9	77.1	74.8
February	127.3	116.8	110.9	103.9	94.6	82.9	77.1	73.6
March	130.4	121.1	115.3	108.3	97.8	86.2	78.0	74.5
April	132.7	123.4	117.6	110.6	101.3	87.3	76.8	73.3
May	131.5	123.3	117.5	109.4	102.4	87.3	76.8	72.1
June	130.2	123.2	117.4	110.4	102.3	87.2	76.7	72.1

Compiled from reports of New Zealand Wool Commission.

Table 23.--Estimated consumption of wool in selected wool manufacturing countries, clean content, annual 1962-65, and January-March 1965 and 1966

Country	Year				1965	1966	Percentage change	
	1962	1963	1964	1965	Jan.-Mar.	Jan.-Mar.	Jan.-Mar. 1966 to Jan.-Mar. 1965	1965 compared with 1964
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Percent	Percent
United States 1/	429	411.7	356.7	386.9	92.8	106.2	+14.4	+8.5
United Kingdom	448	457.9	418.3	402.6	103.3	104.9	+ 1.5	-3.8
France	291	296.4	263.0	254.6	63.4	72.5	+14.4	-3.2
Japan	320	324.6	333.7	350.4	77.6	92.5	+19.2	+5.0
Italy	205	196.3	185.1	189.4	41.6	54.3	+30.5	+2.3
West Germany	147	153.2	142.2	153.0	36.9	39.8	+ 7.9	+7.6
Belgium	100	95.1	95.1	97.8	25.7	27.6	+ 7.4	+2.8
Australia	73	80.7	77.1	78.3	17.9	----	----	+1.6
Netherlands	22	22.9	21.5	21.4	4.7	6.3	+34.0	- .5
Total	2,035	2,038.8	1,892.7	1,934.4	2/446.0	2/504.1	+13.0	+ 2.2

1/ Consumption on woolen and worsted system only.
2/ Total excluding Australia.
Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committee and the Bureau of the Census.

Table 24.--Production of wool and hair tops, woolen and worsted yarn, and wool woven fabrics, by specified countries, annual 1963-65, by quarters, January-March 1965 to date

Country	Year			1965				1966	Percentage change	
	1963	1964	1965	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	Oct.-Dec.	Jan.-Mar.	Jan.-Mar. 1966 to Jan.-Mar. 1965	1965 compared with 1964
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Pct.
Tops										
United Kingdom	304.0	265.3	247.6	63.5	62.9	57.9	63.3	63.4	- 0.2	- 6.7
France	217.0	192.8	188.8	47.3	49.7	39.5	52.4	56.3	+ 19.0	- 2.1
Japan	272.1	272.8	273.3	62.1	68.7	69.6	73.0	(72.9)	+ 17.4	+ .2
Italy	121.7	109.6	117.8	24.9	27.9	28.0	36.9	36.4	+ 46.2	+ 7.5
United States	152.2	147.3	174.5	39.2	45.2	44.8	45.4	48.9	+ 24.7	+ 18.5
West Germany	91.3	89.1	78.4	20.3	19.8	17.4	20.8	22.3	+ 9.9	- 12.0
Belgium	64.0	61.7	64.8	17.2	16.7	14.1	16.8	16.4	- 4.7	+ 5.0
Australia	54.9	49.9	51.8	12.8	12.8	14.0	12.2	(10.5)	- 18.0	+ 3.8
Uruguay	26.5	29.6	22.2	4.2	5.5	6.1	6.5	---	---	- 25.0
Netherlands	3.4	2.6	2.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.7	+ 16.7	---
Totals	1,307.1	1,220.7	1,221.9 1/	287.8	310.0	292.0	328.0	1/327.8	+ 13.9	+ .1
Worsted yarn										
United Kingdom	239.0	236.3	227.0	59.0	57.3	51.3	59.3	59.2	+ .3	- 3.9
Italy	137.7	144.1	166.1	34.5	40.9	41.2	49.5	48.5	+ 40.6	+ 15.3
France	221.6	198.3	183.6	41.0	48.1	39.2	55.3	56.4	+ 37.6	- 7.4
West Germany	133.6	138.3	139.7	34.2	33.8	33.4	38.4	39.7	+ 16.1	+ 1.0
Japan	234.2	232.2	238.7	55.5	59.4	61.4	62.4	(60.6)	+ 9.2	+ 2.8
Belgium	94.6	86.2	94.6	22.6	24.0	21.1	26.9	26.9	+ 19.0	+ 9.7
Netherlands	27.3	24.5	20.8	4.3	5.3	4.7	6.4	6.1	+ 41.9	- 15.1
Australia	23.9	23.9	23.8	5.7	6.1	6.0	6.1	(4.9)	- 14.0	- .4
Total	1,111.9	1,083.8	1,094.3	256.9	275.0	258.2	304.3	302.3	+ 17.7	+ 1.0
Woolen yarn										
United Kingdom	313.0	325.8	321.8	84.5	82.8	70.9	83.6	83.7	- 1.0	- 1.2
Italy	319.6	297.3	268.2	62.6	69.5	62.3	73.9	68.3	+ 9.1	- 9.8
France	127.6	126.3	102.3	25.0	28.2	21.0	28.0	27.0	+ 8.0	- 19.0
West Germany	127.8	126.5	133.1	33.7	33.2	30.7	34.4	30.9	- 8.3	+ 5.2
Japan	118.0	118.5	103.5	22.8	27.7	27.5	25.4	22.9	+ .4	- 12.7
Belgium	47.5	51.1	47.7	11.4	12.1	10.7	13.5	13.2	+ 15.8	- 6.7
Netherlands	44.7	44.8	40.0	9.9	10.4	8.9	10.8	10.6	+ 7.1	- 10.7
Australia	27.2	29.6	30.9	7.0	8.2	8.1	7.5	(6.3)	- 10.0	+ 4.4
Total	1,125.4	1,119.9	1,047.5	256.9	272.2	240.0	277.1	262.9	+ 2.3	- 6.5
Woven fabrics										
	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.		
United States	460.8	412.8	434.2	107.9	120.5	108.0	99.6	112.1	+ 3.9	+ 5.2
United Kingdom	360.5	358.3	355.8	89.0	85.2	87.0	94.6	87.8	- 1.4	- .7
Japan	429.7	423.1	413.7	95.4	---	108.6	109.4	(101.4)	+ 6.3	- 2.2
Italy	252.7	234.1	206.5	48.5	51.8	46.5	59.9	58.0	+ 19.6	- 11.8
France	236.4	229.5	193.0	47.9	48.6	40.0	54.8	55.1	+ 15.0	- 15.9
West Germany	177.4	174.2	185.3	44.3	45.0	45.2	50.6	44.1	- .5	+ 6.4
Netherlands	74.2	73.5	64.9	16.5	16.8	14.4	17.5	17.7	+ 7.3	- 11.7
Australia	36.0	35.1	34.5	8.7	9.0	8.0	8.5	(7.0)	- 19.6	- 1.7
Total	2,027.7	1,940.6	1,887.9	458.2	2/376.9	457.7	494.8	480.3	+ 4.8	- 2.7
Belgium (Mil. lb.)	42.0	43.5	38.2	9.8	9.7	8.8	10.3	10.1	+ 3.1	- 12.2

1/ Total excludes Uruguay.
2/ Total excludes Japan.
Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committee.

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